

Name of the programme	Website link for full details
B.A., LLB. (Hons.)	https://www.nalsar.ac.in/undergraduate-study
LL.M.	https://www.nalsar.ac.in/postgraduate-study-law
MBA	https://www.nalsar.ac.in/postgraduate-study- business-administration
BBA, MBA	https://www.nalsar.ac.in/undergraduate-study-in- business
Ph.D.	https://www.nalsar.ac.in/doctoral-programmes







Information Brochure

5-Year B.A., LL.B. (Hons.):

The 5-year integrated B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) programme is on offer for persons who have successfully completed 12 years of school education. To complete it, students are required to accumulate 200 credits through a combination of mandatory and elective courses. Foundational courses in History, Political Science, Economics, Sociology and English have to be completed within the first two years of study. In addition, students are required to earn nine credits by choosing from a vibrant list of social science seminars offered by full-time and visiting faculty members. All the law courses that the Bar Council of India (BCI) requires to be compulsorily pursued have been designated as mandatory. In addition to these, the University has designated 'Law and Poverty' and 'Law of Intellectual Property' as mandatory courses.

If the compulsory component of the programme is shaped by what the regulator and the university considers every student must learn; the elective part of the programme is totally driven by the choices of students. Students can design their own customised coursework by choosing among a diverse basket of elective, seminar and clinical courses. While the elective courses are largely based on the subject expertise of the faculty, the seminar courses adopt participatory methods and the clinical courses allow for more hands on learning in areas that are connected to the demands of legal practice.

Beginning with the academic year 2012-2013, the university has proactively pursued policies which have enhanced the flexibility in a Choice Based Credit System (CBCS). The University has not limited its scholastic invitations to mainstream academics but has drawn from all sources of learning across disciplines and sectors. Thus, along with courses such as 'Regulatory Governance', 'Comparative Constitutional Law' or 'Justice in the Anthropocene', courses bearing titles such as 'Learning by Performance', 'Documentaries as Evidence' and 'Toolbox for Maximum Lawyering' have also been offered in recent academic years.

In order to ensure that student choice is not hindered by scheduling decisions, the University notifies a comprehensive list of courses to students before the start of each semester and seeks their preferred combination before finalizing the schedule. This preliminary survey allows the final schedule to be made after accounting for student preferences and permits unconventional combinations to be created. While there is a minimum number of credits that need to be accumulated, there is no upper limit on what each student might eventually gather through five years of undergraduate study. The possibility of accumulating additional credits allows each student to be evaluated on their strengths as the CGPA is calculated on the best 200 credits.

Every mandatory course requires each student to undertake a certain percentage of research and writing through different kinds of assignments, which are to be submitted in a staggered manner through the semester. The assignments have been created to enable every kind of intelligence to flourish. A project bidding system allows students to choose the kind of research project they wish to undertake for each course.

The range and depth of the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) in place at NALSAR can be appreciated from the following illustrative list of courses offered during the previous academic

years:-

Elective Courses

- A Theory of Law and Meaning
- Acontextual Lawmaking: The Curious Case of India's Land Laws
- Advanced Course in Patents
- Afformative Action and the Constitution of India
- > Agriculture Law and Policy: Selected Themes
- Agroecology and Law: Themes and Perspectives
- Ambedkar's Preamble: A Secret History of the Constitution of India
- Ancient Greek Jurisprudence And Its Relevance To Modern Society
- Animal Protection Laws and Policies Clinic
- > Approaching Natinalisms: Origins and Forms
- > Applied Jurisprudence
- Aviation Law
- Banking and Finance Laws
- Biotech & Software Patents in the US.
- Capital Markets and Securities Regulation
- Challenges to Copyright Law in 21st Century India
- Civil Remedies
- Civil Litigation and Arbitration: A Primer
- Climate Change Law and Politics
- Climate Law and Anthropocene Justice
- Commercial Equity and Trusts
- Commercial Remedies in the times of COVID-19
- Comparative Political Equality
- Comparative Constitutional Law
- Competition Law
- Constitutional Obligations Of Non-State Entities
- Constitutional Theory: Problems of Interpretation & Historicism in Modern Constitutions
- Contemporary Themes in Data Governance in India
- Corporate Taxation
- Creative Destruction: Changes in the Law of Commercial Insolvency Theory and Practice.
- Criminology and Penology
- > Cyber Laws, Crimes and Technologies
- > Deconstructing the Public-Private Divide in Comparative Constitutional Law
- Development Studies
- Digital Evidence Retrievals and Analysis Systems (DERAS)
- > FEMA and Investment Laws
- > Financial Aspects of Mergers & Acquisitions
- Foreign Exchange Management Act Laws & Practices
- > Fractured Freedoms: Understanding Life in India's Margins
- > Gender Dysphoria and Medical Jurisprudence
- > Global Banking and Finance Law and Practices
- > Global Internet Governance: Institutions, Issues and Methods
- Goods and Service Tax
- > Insolvency and Winding up of Companies
- Intellectual Property Rights and Competition Law
- International Human Rights Law
- > International Humanitarian Law
- > International Price Management: Laws and Paradigms
- International Security Law
- > International Taxation and Transfer Pricing
- > Interpreting Trade Agreements: Impact for Nations or Business
- > Intersections of grassroots advocacy and international human rights law
- Investment Treaty Law



- Judicial Process And Statutory Interpretation
- Land Laws
- Law of Intellectual property in International Trade
- Law of Insolvency and Bankruptcy
- Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession in India A Comparative Study Among Diverse Systems
- Law on Real Estates
- Law Relating to Sexual Harassment at the Workplace
- Laws regulating Investment Agreements
- Legal and Taxation aspect of M & A
- LGBT Impact Litigation
- ➤ Life Cycle Of An Equity Investment Transaction
- Matrimonial Causes and Jurisdictional Conflicts
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Modern Insurance Law
- New and Old Peasant Movements in India: A comparison
- Overview of Patents
- Patent Analysis, Mapping, & Visualization systems (PAT Informatics)
- Patent Analysis, Mapping, and Visualization systems (PAT informatics)
- Patent and Trade Secret Litigation in India
- Peace Education Program
- Political Obligations
- > Protection of Civil Liberties in India
- Protection of Minorities and Indigenous Peoples in International Law
- Re- Imagining Surveillance
- > Reading and Writing for Academia
- Recent Developments in Commercial Dispute Resolution in India
- > Recruitment to Termination: Practical Insights into Labour & Employment issues
- Regulatory Governance
- Remote Sensing for Legal and Regulatory Support
- Securities Regulation in India: IPOs and QIPs
- Socio-Economic Offences
- Space Law and Contemporary Issues
- Specific Relief and Law of Injunctions
- Statistics for Lawyers
- Suffering
- > Taxation of Structured Funds
- > Technology and Law
- > Telecom Laws, Policies and Regulation
- > The History, Philosophy, Economics and Politics of Basic Income
- > The Right to Privacy in India: Structure and Scope
- > Theory and Practice of Animal Laws in India
- Thinking About Equality
- > Toolbox for 'Maximum' Lawyering
- > Transactional Aspects of IP
- > Transfer Pricing and Taxation of Digital Economy
- Understanding Regulation

Seminar Courses in Law

- > An Inquiry Into Transgender Issues In USA & India
- Bio-Safety Laws
- Bribery and Anti-Corruption Law
- Child Protection and Juvenile Justice



- Cine-Politics in India
- ➢ Colonial Economy: 1757-1947
- Comparative Study of the Behavior of Supreme Court Judges (US and India)
- Commons, Communities and Climate Change
- > Caste and Political Mobilization in India
- Cyber Crimes-Law, Policy & Regulation
- Defence & Security Laws
- > Democracy and Development: A view from India and the Global South
- Democracy and Elections
- Discourses (and Counter Discourses) on Disadvantaging Bi/Multilinguality
- Dispute Resolution and Advanced Mediation
- > Entrepreneurship and the Law
- > Environmental Justice: Stories and Struggles
- > Framing Fundamental Rights: Constituent Assembly Debates
- Gender and Labour
- Global Economic Challenges
- > Horizontality in Comparative Constitutional Law
- Ideology and Cultural Context in Colonial India
- Interdisciplinary Studies on the Indian Legal System
- > International Commercial Arbitration
- International Dispute Settlement Laws
- International Protection of Minorities
- International Trade Laws
- > Interrogating The Idea Of Justice
- Into the Colonial and Out of It: Caste, Gender and Other Subject Positions.
- > Is Labour Law Dead?
- Land Rights and Tribal: Facts, Acts and Issues
- Language Conflict and Language Rights
- Language, Democracy and National Identity in India
- Law on Non-discrimination in Employment in India
- Law & Technology
- Law and Politics
- > Law and Religion
- Law of Aerospace and Defence Startups
- Law of Environment and Health
- Legal Personhood
- Locating Equity in the Pronouncements of Equity Courts
- Marriage: Is it An Economic Arrangement?
- New & Emerging Technologies : Legal Challenges
- Mediation and Conflict Resolution
- Policy Issues in India: A Holistic Approach for Prospective Practitioners
- Political Economy of Crime, Punishment and Prison
- Politics of Penal Systems
- Public-Private Partnership
- Reading Marxism, Society and Law
- Religion and Secular Theologies
- > Religion, Caste, Gender and the Secular Legal Order
- Selected Themes in Economics and International Relations
- Sentencing: Law, Policy and Practice
- > Sentencing Law, Polities and Issues
- Social Conflicts and Conflict Resolution in India
- Spontaneous Order, Law, and Liberty: An Introduction to Friedrich Hayek's Legal Philosophy
- > State, Criminal Justice System and Individual Liberty
- Strategic Diversity and Law
- > Strict Liability in Criminal Law

- > Structuring and Restructuring of Family Forms and Family Law in Globalizing World
- > The Legal Philosophy of Jürgen Habermas
- > Traditional Knowledge And Intellectual Property Rights
- Uniform Civil Code and Personal Laws
- Water Disputes Law

Social Science Seminars

- Basics of Academic Writing
- > Caste and Political Mobilization in India
- Citizenship and Belonging: Politics of Inclusion and Exclusion
- Citizenship State and Democracy
- Commons, Conservation, Poverty and the Forests
- Conflict and Language rights
- Corporeality & Culture
- Documents & Bureaucracy
- > Dynamics of Indian Democracy
- > Ethnographies of Labour
- > Emergency Jurisprudence
- > Engendering a 'Right to the City'
- > Fake News: Digital Media, law and Politics
- Dynamics of Indian Democracy
- > Hermeneutics and Justice
- > Historical Evaluation of Preventive Detention in India: A discussion on Due Process
- > Into the Colonial and Out of It: Caste, Gender and Other Subject Positions.
- > Industrial Relations: An Introduction
- > International Intellectual Property
- > Justice in the age of Capitalism and Colonialism
- ➤ Language Policy, Language in Human Rights, Language Imperialism, Languages and Linguistic Genocide in Education, Language Ecology
- > Law and Culture
- > Law and Politics of Food and Nutrition
- Law and Religion: National, international and Comparative Perspectives
- ➤ Law and Society
- Locating Texts: Methods and Forms
- > Learning Through Performance
- Marginalised Societies
- Political Ecology
- > Politics and Society: Characterization of the Modern State
- > Politics of Penal System
- > Predistribution, Liberal Socialism and Property-Owning Democracy
- Pscho-Analysing Politics in the Context of Human Behavior
- > Reading and Writing Multilingual Legal Contexts: Policies, Practices and Problematics
- > Religion, Caste, Gender and the Secular Legal Order
- Social Movements
- > State, Citizenship and Democracy
- > Theatre and the Law
- > Text and Context in the Study of Law and Literature
- > The Small Voice of Literature by Nobel Laureates from the Margins
- Tracing Patterns in Acts of Resistance
- > Terrorism Trails



One year LL.M. programme:

The LL.M. programme offered at NALSAR is intensive. It includes a combination of taught courses and sustained research work. As per the guidelines laid down by the University Grants Commission (UGC), a student must complete three mandatory subjects (carrying 4 credits each), six optional subjects (carrying 3 credits each) and a dissertation (carrying 6 credits) as part of the one-year LL.M. programme. Since NALSAR has tailored its LLM for persons who wish to pursue a career in academics, it encourages students to explore their interests in a range of areas instead of anchoring on any one field too soon. We believe that no one can be a specialist without being a generalist. Since universities look for generalists rather than specialists in their fresh recruits, a very wide range of courses are offered to widen horizons and maximize learning.

In the same spirit of exploration and exposure, the University does not require postgraduate students to opt for a specialisation at the start of the programme. Instead they have to work towards a specialisation over the course of the academic year. A postgraduate student has to complete at least 15 credits of coursework in their preferred area of specialization in order to obtain the same. Subject to the availability of teaching expertise and the university rules on the minimum number of enrollments required for transacting a course, the University has offered optional courses which could lead to specialisations in the following areas:

- (i) Corporate and Commercial laws;
- (ii) Criminal Law;
- (iii) Family Law;
- (iv) Intellectual Property;
- (v) International Trade and Business Law;
- (vi) Legal Pedagogy and Research and
- (vii)Public Law and Legal Theory

Applicants for the LL.M. programme are advised to opt for NALSAR if they have an interest in pursuing careers in teaching and research. NALSAR graduates are coveted by law schools all over the country as the university's programme of teaching assistantship provides live teaching opportunities. Students who are planning to appear for the civil services and judicial services examinations have also found the programme to be useful alongside their own preparatory efforts. Applicants must note that this programme has not been designed to facilitate recruitment in commercial law firms or business houses and such opportunities are pursued by students solely by their own efforts.

PhD. Programme (Full-time / Part-time):

NALSAR has a doctoral program which can be pursued either on a full time or part time basis. Applications can be made by persons who have completed a master's degree in law, social sciences, humanities or management. The Admissions Process consists of a written screening test (not required for those who have cleared the UCG-NET) followed by the submission of preliminary research proposals and an oral presentation of selected research proposals before the Research Board of the University. Candidates whose research proposals are approved by the Research Board are then registered. The application details along with the date of the written exam are made available on the NALSAR website on an annual basis.

2 year full-time M.B.A. programme:

In a pioneering move among the National Law Universities (NLUs), NALSAR started a two-year M.B.A. (Master's in Business Administration) programme in 2013 with the aim of integrating higher education in laws with management studies. This programme offers specializations in Corporate Governance, Court Management, Financial Services & Capital Markets, Sustainability and Innovation Management, Marketing Management, Human Resource Management and Business Regulations.

Programmes for Professionals:

To reach out to a larger section of the public, the University offers Masters and Post Graduate Diplomas in several areas that have practical relevance. The Directorate for Distance Education offers PG Diplomas in Patent Laws, Media Laws, Cyber Laws, International Humanitarian Laws, Animal Protection, Alternative Dispute Resolution, Family Dispute Resolution, Aviation Law and Air Transport Management, Advanced Maritime Laws, Criminal Law and Forensic Science, Financial Services and Legislations besides Masters programmes in Aviation Law and Air Transport Management and Security and Defence Laws. These courses are transacted through periodic contact classes with examinations held at the end of the academic year or the corresponding semester. They are open to graduates from disciplines other than law as well. Applications for admissions are invited on an annual basis. For the details, please visit: www.dde.nalsar.ac.in

Collaborations with Foreign Universities:

In recognition of the increasing importance of comparative and international dimensions of higher education, the University has signed Memorandums of Understanding (MoUs) with more than 30 foreign Universities located in the United States of America, Canada, United Kingdom, Germany, Switzerland, Australia, Israel, The Netherlands, Singapore, Brunei and Spain. These MoUs provide for the exchange of faculty members and students as well as the pursuit of collaborative research projects. These partnerships enable our students to develop a rich understanding of cultures from other parts of the world and consequently enhance the quality of discussions and scholarship at NALSAR. Approximately 20-25 students get the opportunity to study at foreign universities in every academic year.

Faculty:

NALSAR has a team of highly dedicated and competent faculty, comprising of a good mix of experienced scholars and young talent. The faculty has been drawn from prestigious national and international universities. Additionally, NALSAR has an 'open-door' policy for its alumni to supplement the teaching efforts of its faculty. In addition to teaching, faculty members are engaged in various research projects that are on the cutting edge issues of law and policy reform.

Research Centres:

To create support structures for advanced learning and creative scholarship, NALSAR has set up dedicated research centres whose activities are co-ordinated by senior faculty members. The broad mandate of these centres is to produce scholarly publications, policy recommendations and newsletters connected to these areas apart from organizing guest lectures and discussions to build awareness about them.

As mentioned above, there are several research projects that are anchored by faculty members.

NALSAR completed a three-year study titled 'Knowledge based Interventions to Strengthen the Realization of Socio-Economic Rights' for the Ford Foundation. Following this, the Ford Foundation has sanctioned another three-year project titled 'Incubating a Discourse for Cooperation, Contentment and Care to enable Justice for All'. NALSAR has submitted a report on 'Court Management Techniques for Improving the Efficiency of Subordinate Courts' and a report that provides a critical legal analysis on 'Transfer of Technology in the Indian Defence Sector: IPR Issues and Challenges' to the Defence Research and Development Organization (DRDO). With support from the Union Ministry of Law and Justice, NALSAR has undertaken a study on the considerations related to the access to legal education, quality of academic inputs and social relevance of the output. This is based on empirical evidence collected from a cross-section of faculties and departments that are offering legal education as a part of Central Universities, State Universities, Private Universities and Deemed Universities.

NALSAR is working closely with the Government of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh to revise various legislations and also to provide training for the State Officials of various departments for the improvement of governance. In collaboration with Landesa (RDI), NALSAR reviewed and revised nearly 112 Legislations relating to the Land and Revenue sector. NALSAR has prepared the draft State Rules for the Juvenile Justice Act, 2015 and draft Telangana (Agricultural Produce and Livestock) Market (Amendment) Rules, 2016 for the State of Telangana. For the State of Andhra Pradesh NALSAR has drafted the Land Acquisition (Rehabilitation and Resettlement) Bill 2016 and the Andhra Pradesh Skill Development Bill, 2016. Presently University is in the process of reviewing and revising the Land Laws for the State of Andhra Pradesh. On the request of the respective State Governments, the University has been conducting training programmes for their Revenue Officers. NALSAR submitted a report on 'The Conditions and Reformative Activities in the Telangana State Prisons' to Telangana State Legal Services Authority.

The Department of Consumer Affairs, Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution, New Delhi has established a Consumer Law Chair at NALSAR. Under this Chair, the University has established Mediation Centres and is organizing training programmes in Consumer Law. It is also planning to organise Consumer Law Clinics in three Districts.

Facilities:

The campus is spread over 50 acres and is located 26 kilometers away from the city of Hyderabad. Students are provided with double occupancy rooms in the Halls of Residence with a common Dining Hall facility. Subject to availability, some single rooms may be allotted to senior students. The Halls of Residence have common room facilities including a functional Gym, provision for Indoor Games, Badminton courts and Television. The campus is Wi-Fi enabled with State of Art internet architecture with minimum dedicated broadband speed of 20 Mbps which supports 4G video calling. The Library has a rich collection of books, journals (printed and electronic) and e-databases. NALSAR also has a state-of-art Moot Court Hall, video conferencing facilities, a football stadium, two tennis courts, and separate basketball and volleyball courts for boys and girls. All buildings, including the Halls of Residence, are powered with diesel generators for twenty-four hour power back-up. The University has a Health Centre with Medical Officer, Gynaecologist, Dentist and two Resident Nurses along with one Lab Technician. In addition, the University has a Counselling Centre.

Eligibility for Admission

The eligibility is as per CLAT – 2021 Notification. For details see CLAT website.

To be eligible for admission under the **Resident Student of Telangana category seats**, in addition to complying with the eligibility as per CLAT-2021, candidates must fulfill the following conditions and must secure appropriate rank in order of merit in CLAT-2021:

- (i) For admission to 5-Year B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Course—a person who after studying in the State of Telangana for four consecutive years appears for the qualifying examination in the same State (or)
 - A person who has in the previous seven years resided in the State of Telangana for at least a period of four years, and completed the qualifying examination, i.e., 10+2 or equivalent from the educational institutions in the State of Telangana.
- (ii) For admission to LL.M. Course a person who after studying in the State of Telangana for four consecutive years appears for the qualifying examination in the same State (or)

A person who has in the previous seven years resided in the State of Telangana for at least a period of four years, and completed the qualifying examination, that is LL.B. from the educational institutions in the State of Telangana.

Intake and Reservation

	В	.A., LL.B. (Ho	ons.)	LL.M.			
Category	TOTAL Seats Category -wise	No. of Seats for All India candidates	Number of Seats for Resident Students of Telangana	TOTAL Seats Categor y-wise	No. of Seats for All India candidates	Number of Seats for Resident Students of Telangana	
General	86	75	11	41	37	04	
Scheduled Caste	18	14 (15%)	04 (15%)	09	07 (15%)	02 (15%)	
Scheduled Tribe	08	07 (7.5%)	01 (6%)	05	04 (7.5%)	01 (6%)	
OBC	80	NIL	08 (29%)	05	NIL	05 (29%)	
			[A(7%)- 02; B(10%)- 02; C(1%)-01; D(7%)-02;		<i>y</i>	[A(7%)-01; B(10%)-01; C(1%)-01; D(7%)-01; E(4%)-01]	
TOTAL SEATS	120	96	E(4%)-01] 24	60	48	12	

30% (36 seats) Horizontal reservation shall be applicable for Female candidates for admission to B.A.,LL.B.(Hons.) course.

05% {06 seats for B.A.,LL.B.(Hons.) and 03 seats for LL.M. course} Horizontal reservation shall be applicable for Persons with Benchmark Disabilities (PWD).

Note: Three additional candidates may be admitted over and above the sanctioned intake through CLAT both for B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) and LL.M., out of which one seat shall be offered to Resident Students of Telangana General Category and two seats shall be offered to All India General Category candidates.

The Intake and Reservations may vary as per the decision of the University Bodies.

If a Resident Student of Telangana qualifies for admission in the regular All India merit, he / she shall be considered against the All India Seat only and not against Telangana Quota Seat. If no candidate is available against the Seats reserved for Resident Students of Telangana, such Seats shall be added to the relevant Categories under All India Quota. The vacant seats of Resident Student of Telangana - OBC shall be converted to Resident Students of Telangana General Category and later to All India General Category.

The unfilled Seats reserved for Scheduled Caste candidates are assigned to Scheduled Tribe candidates and vice-versa. If sufficient eligible SC and ST candidates are not available to fill such Seats, they are reallocated to General Category candidates in order of CLAT merit.

Direct Admission

24 (twenty four) Seats are allocated to Foreign Nationals for the B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) course out of which 4 (four) seats are for candidates from SAARC Countries and 10 (ten) seats for candidates from non-SAARC Countries and 10 (ten) seats for ICCR / Government of India nominees.

12 (twelve) seats are allocated to Foreign Nationals for the LL.M course out of which 4 (four) seats are for candidates from SAARC Countries and 4 (four) seats for candidates from non-SAARC Countries and 4 (four) seats for ICCR / Government of India nominees. The candidates who possess citizenship of a country other than India shall only be considered under this Category. Foreign Nationals, Eneed not take CLAT-2021 and should apply directly to NALSAR.

Note: The vacant seats of ICCR / Govt. of India Nominees and the SAARC shall be offered to the candidates from Non-SAARC Countries. If there are vacant seats in the Non-SAARC category, they may be offered to SAARC Countries, if candidates are available. If sufficient candidates are not available under Foreign National Category, University may invite applications till the closure of admissions and the seats may be filled as per merit.

Fee Structure

Particulars	B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) (Rs.)	LL.M. (Rs.)
Tuition Fee	1,40,000/- p.a.	65,000/- p.a.
Other Academic Charges (Library Fee, Exam Fee etc.)	15,000/- p.a.	13,000/- p.a.
User charges (Room Rent, Electricity, Water, Internet Charges etc.)	67,000/- p.a.	67,000/- p.a.
Onetime payments	10,000/-	10,000/-
Refundable Deposits	Rs. 20,000/- (Rs. 14,000/- for SC/ST)	Rs. 20,000/- (Rs. 14,000/- for SC/ST)

Note:

- 1. There shall be an increase of Rs. 5,000/- p.a. in the Tuition Fee every academic year for the 5-year B.A., LL.B. (Hons.) Degree Programme.
- 2. Payment towards Mess shall be made separately by the students in advance on yearly basis which comes to approximately Rs. 35,000/- p.a.
- 3. The fees / charges are provisional and subject to revision from time to time as per the decision of university bodies.

Financial Aid

Fee Concessions/Scholarships are provided to economically weak and meritorious students. For details see the University website.

Important Note: The University reserves the right to change the Intake, Fee Structure and Course Curriculum from time to time for both the Undergraduate and Postgraduate Programmes.

For Further Details Contact:

Registrar

NALSAR University of Law

Justice City, Shameerpet, Medchal-Malkajgiri District. 500 101, Telangana, India.

Tel: 040 - 23498105 / 115 / 104, Fax: 040 - 23498385 / 386

Website: www.nalsar.ac.in; Email: admissions@nalsar.ac.in / registrar@nalsar.ac.in





Course Structure for 5-Year B.A., LL.B. (Hons.)

Course	Credits
Semester-I	
Legal Methods	5
Law of Torts	4
Law & Language	4
History-I / Economics-I	4
Political Science-I / Sociology-I	4
Moot Clinic	2
Semester -II	
Law of Contracts – I	4
Criminal Law – I	4
Family Law – I	4
History-I /	4
Economics-I	4
Political Science-I / Sociology-I	4
Semester -III	
Law of Contracts – II	4
Criminal Law – II	4
Family Law – II	4
History-/	2
Economics-	3
Political Science / Sociology	3
Property Law	4
Semester -IV	
Law & Poverty	4
English – II	3
History-/	3
Economics-	3
Political Science / Sociology	3
Semester -V	
Law of Evidence	4
Constitutional Law-I	5
International Law	5
Civil Procedure Code and Law of Limitation	4
Social Sc. Seminar	3
Semester -VI	14
Company Law	5
Constitutional Law-II	5
Administrative Law	4
Taxation	5 /
Social Sc. Seminar	3 //
Semester -VII	
Intellectual Property Law	5

ADR Clinic	
ADA CIITIC	4
Elective Course	4
Seminar Course	4
Social Sc. Seminar	3
Semester -VIII	
Labour Law-I	4
Drafting, Pleadings & Conveyance Clinic	4
Elective Course	4
Elective Course	4
Seminar Course	4
Semester -IX	
Labour Law-II	4
Ethics & Accountancy Clinic	4
Elective Course	4
Elective Course	4
Seminar Course	4
Semester -X	
Environment Law	4
Elective Course	3
Elective Course	4
Elective Course	4
Seminar Course	4





Course Structure of One Year LL.M. Programme

I Semester (July to December):

Mandatory Courses:	Course Credits	Maximum Marks
Law and Justice in Globalizing world	4	100
Research Methods and Legal Writing - I	4	100
Optional Courses:	Course Credits	Maximum Marks
	Orcaits	Mains
Elective Paper-I	3	100
Elective Paper-I Elective paper-II	3 3	

Note: Students must ensure that they choose more electives than seminar courses in the first semester. In the following semester they are required to choose two seminars and one elective. This balances the taught and writing courses.

Il Semester (January to May):

Mandatory Course:	Course Credits	Maximum Marks
Comparative Public Law and Systems of Governance	4	100
Optional Courses:	Course Credits	Maximum Marks
Elective Paper-III/ Teaching Assistantship	3	100
Seminar paper-II (Research Methods and Legal Writing - II) *	3	100
Seminar Paper-III	3	100
Dissertation *	6	200

* The Seminar Paper – II and Dissertation are mandatory courses.

• Students may opt for extra credits which would be shown in their transcript.

Correlation of credits with teaching hours

Course type	Credit points	Credit hours
Mandatory	1	10
Elective (3 credit)	1	10
Seminar	1	5

Dissertation:

The main objectives of the dissertation component are to assess the research and writing skills of the students as well as to provide a platform for creative legal scholarship. Students who enrol in the LL.M. program are especially encouraged to think about career options in teaching and research. Hence, writing a dissertation is a significant exercise that helps in developing one's prospects for the same. The detailed guidelines for dissertation will be given by the CPGLE from time to time.

<u>List of Electives and Seminar Courses offered to B.A., LL.B.(Hons.) & LL.M.:</u>

Elective Courses

- > A Theory of Law and Meaning
- > Access to Knowledge, Intellectual Property & Human Rights
- A contextual Lawmaking: The Curious Case of India's Land Laws
- Advanced Course in Patents
- > ADR Practices and Procedures
- > Affirmative Action and the Constitution of India
- > Agriculture Law and Policy: Selected Themes
- Agroecology and Law: Themes and Perspectives
- > Ambedkar's Preamble: A Secret History of the Constitution of India
- > Ancient Greek Jurisprudence and Its Relevance to Modern Society
- > Animal Protection Laws and Policies Clinic
- > An Introduction to Comparative Equality and Discrimination Law
- > Anti-Drug Laws' in India: An Exclusive Practical Approach
- > Approaching Nationalisms: Origins and Forms
- Applied Jurisprudence
- > Aviation Law
- Banking and Finance Laws
- Beyond Constitutionality
- > Biotech & Software Patents in the US.
- Capital Markets and Securities Regulation
- Challenges to Copyright Law in 21st Century India
- Citizenship and anti-discrimination: Litigating Human Rights in Indian Courts
- Civil Remedies
- > Civil Litigation and Arbitration: A Primer
- Climate Change Law and Politics
- Climate Law and Anthropocene Justice
- Clinical Trial Ethics
- Commercial Equity and Trusts
- ➢ Commercial Remedies in the times of COVID-19
- Comparative Political Equality



- Comparative Constitutional Law
- Comparative Competition Law
- Competition Law
- Contract Drafting and Negotiation Skills
- Constitutional Aspects of Taxation
- Constitutional Obligations of Non-State Entities
- Constitutional Theory: Problems of Interpretation & Historicism in Modern Constitutions
- Consumer Justice in The ERA of Globalization
- Contemporary Themes in Data Governance in India
- Corporate Taxation
- Covidization & Contemporary International Law
- Creative Destruction: Changes in the Law of Commercial Insolvency Theory and Practice.
- Criminology and Penology
- Criminal Investigation and Prosecution Practices
- Critical Family Law
- Cyber Laws, Crimes and Technologies
- Deconstructing the Public-Private Divide in Comparative Constitutional Law
- Defending Capital Punishment Cases
- > Development Studies
- Developing a Reflective Approach to the Study and Practice of Law
- Digital Evidence Retrievals and Analysis Systems (DERAS)
- Economics of Competition Law
- FEMA and Investment Laws
- Financial Aspects of Mergers & Acquisitions
- Foreign Exchange Management Act Laws & Practices
- > Fractured Freedoms: Understanding Life in India's Margins
- Framing Legal Issues in Suits & Arbitration Proceedings
- From the Greeks to Post-modernism: Understanding the History of the Western Legal Theory
- Gender Dysphoria and Medical Jurisprudence
- Global Banking and Finance Law and Practices
- Global Gender Justice
- > Global Internet Governance: Institutions, Issues and Methods
- Goods and Service Tax
- > Health Law
- Introduction to Crypto-currency Universe
- > Insolvency and Winding up of Companies
- International Commercial Tax
- Intentional Peer Support
- Intellectual Property Rights and Competition Law
- International Human Rights Law
- > International Humanitarian Law
- > International Price Management: Laws and Paradigms
- International Law and Armed Conflict
- International Security Law
- International Taxation and Transfer Pricing
- > Interpreting Trade Agreements: Impact for Nations or Business
- > Intersections of grassroots advocacy and international human rights law
- Investment Treaty Law
- Judicial Process and Statutory Interpretation



- ➤ Land Laws
- Law of Aerospace and Defence Startups
- Law of Intellectual property in International Trade
- Law of Insolvency and Bankruptcy
- ➤ Law of Testamentary and Intestate Succession in India A Comparative Study Among Diverse Systems
- Law on Real Estates
- > Law & Pop Culture
- Law & Poverty Clinic
- Law Relating to Sexual Harassment at the Workplace
- Laws regulating Investment Agreements
- Legal and Taxation aspect of M & A
- Legal Policy of Election Reforms
- LGBT Impact Litigation
- ▶ Life Cycle of an Equity Investment Transaction
- Matrimonial Causes and Jurisdictional Conflicts
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Modern Insurance Law
- New and Old Peasant Movements in India: A comparison
- Patent Analysis, Mapping, & Visualization systems (PAT Informatics)
- Patent and Trade Secret Litigation in India
- Patenting in Commercially Important Jurisdiction
- Peace Education Program
- Political Obligations
- Practitioner's Introduction to Restructuring and Insolvency
- Preparing for the Profession: Nurturing Inner Potential
- Protection of Civil Liberties in India
- Protection of Minorities and Indigenous Peoples in International Law
- Realising Substantive Equality in India
- Re- Imagining Surveillance
- Reading and Writing for Academia
- Recent Developments in Commercial Dispute Resolution in India
- Recruitment to Termination: Practical Insights into Labour & Employment issues
- Refugee Law and Immigration
- Regulatory Governance
- Remote Sensing for Legal and Regulatory Support
- Restorative Justice
- Rule of Law, Sustainability and Economic Globalisation
- Securities Regulation in India: IPOs and QIPs
- > Security, Conflict & HR
- Socio-Economic Offences
- Space Law and Contemporary Issues
- Specific Relief and Law of Injunctions
- Sports Law
- Statistics for Lawyers
- Suffering
- Taxation of Structured Funds
- Technology and Law
- Technology and the Constitution
- Telecom Laws, Policies and Regulation
- > The Death Penalty in India: Law, Practice, and A Search for Consistency
- The History, Philosophy, Economics and Politics of Basic Income



- The Right to Privacy in India: Structure and Scope
- Theory and Practice of Animal Laws in India
- Thinking About Equality
- Toolbox for 'Maximum' Lawyering
- > Transactional Aspects of IP
- Transfer Pricing and Taxation of Digital Economy
- > Transformative Constitutionalism
- Understanding Regulation
- > Uniform Civil Code

Seminar Courses in Law

- An Inquiry into Transgender Issues in USA & India
- Bio-Safety Laws
- > Bribery and Anti-Corruption Law
- Child Protection and Juvenile Justice
- Cine-Politics in India
- ➤ Colonial Economy: 1757-1947
- Comparative Study of the Behavior of Supreme Court Judges (US and India)
- Commons, Communities and Climate Change
- Contemporary Defence Laws & Policies in India
- Cooperative Negotiation: Theory and Skills
- Caste and Political Mobilization in India
- Cyber Crimes-Law, Policy & Regulation
- Defence & Security Laws
- > Democracy and Development: A view from India and the Global South
- Democracy and Elections
- > Discourses (and Counter Discourses) on Disadvantaging Bi/Multilinguality
- Dispute Resolution and Advanced Mediation
- Entrepreneurship and the Law
- Environmental Justice: Stories and Struggles
- Framing Fundamental Rights: Constituent Assembly Debates
- Gender and Labour
- Global Economic Challenges
- Hindu & Islamic Legal Systems
- Horizontality in Comparative Constitutional Law
- > Ideology and Cultural Context in Colonial India
- Indian Competition Law
- Interdisciplinary Studies on the Indian Legal System
- International Commercial Arbitration
- > International Dispute Settlement Laws
- International Investment Law
- International IP Law
- > International Protection of Minorities
- International Trade Laws
- > Interrogating The Idea of Justice
- Into the Colonial and Out of It: Caste, Gender and Other Subject Positions.
- ➤ Is Labour Law Dead?
- > Labour Rights and Constitutions: A Comparative Constitutional Perspective
- Land Rights and Tribal: Facts, Acts and Issues
- Language Conflict and Language Rights



- Language, Democracy and National Identity in India
- Law on Non-discrimination in Employment in India
- Law & Technology
- Law and Politics
- Law and Religion
- Law of Aerospace and Defence Startups
- > Law of Environment and Health
- Legal Personhood
- Locating Equity in the Pronouncements of Equity Courts
- Marriage: Is it an Economic Arrangement?
- New & Emerging Technologies: Legal Challenges
- Mediation and Conflict Resolution
- Policy Issues in India: A Holistic Approach for Prospective Practitioners
- Political Economy of Crime, Punishment and Prison
- Politics of Penal Systems
- Public-Private Partnership
- Reading Marxism, Society and Law
- Regulation of Financial Services
- > Religion and Secular Theologies
- Religion, Caste, Gender and the Secular Legal Order
- Selected Themes in Economics and International Relations
- > Sentencing: Law, Policy and Practice
- Sentencing Law, Polities and Issues
- Social Conflicts and Conflict Resolution in India
- Spontaneous Order, Law, and Liberty: An Introduction to Friedrich Hayek's Legal Philosophy
- > State, Criminal Justice System and Individual Liberty
- Strategic Diversity and Law
- > Strict Liability in Criminal Law
- Structuring and Restructuring of Family Forms and Family Law in Globalizing World
- > The Legal Philosophy of Jürgen Habermas
- > Traditional Knowledge and Intellectual Property Rights
- Use of Force, Collective Security, and Peace keeping in International Law
- Uniform Civil Code and Personal Laws
- Water Disputes Law

Social Science Seminars

- > Agricultural Policy & Sustainable Development
- > Agricultural Policy and Natural Resource Management
- Approaching Nationalism
- > Basics of Academic Writing
- Body Politics
- > Caste and Political Mobilization in India
- Critical Understanding of Gandhi
- > Citizenship and Belonging: Politics of Inclusion and Exclusion
- > Citizenship State and Democracy
- > Commons, Conservation, Poverty and the Forests
- Conflict and Language rights
- > Corporeality & Culture



- Culture and Human Rights
- Documents & Bureaucracy
- Dynamics of Indian Democracy
- Ethnographies of Labour
- > Emergency Jurisprudence
- Engendering a 'Right to the City'
- > Enquiries into the Social and Political Movements in Colonial India
- > Ethnographies of Law: An Introduction
- > Fake News: Digital Media, law and Politics
- Dynamics of Indian Democracy
- > Hermeneutics and Justice
- Historical Evaluation of Preventive Detention in India: A discussion on Due Process
- ➤ Into the Colonial and Out of It: Caste, Gender and Other Subject Positions.
- > Industrial Relations: An Introduction
- International Intellectual Property
- > Introduction to Research and Researching
- > Justice in the age of Capitalism and Colonialism
- > Language, Language Rights and the Law
- ➤ Language Policy, Language in Human Rights, Language Imperialism, Languages and Linguistic Genocide in Education, Language Ecology
- > Law and Culture
- > Law and Politics of Food and Nutrition
- > Law and Religion: National, international and Comparative Perspectives
- > Law and Society
- ➤ Lived Bodies and Life Writings: Gender, Genre and Representation
- Locating Texts: Methods and Forms
- > Learning Through Performance
- > Madness, Disability and the Normal
- Marginalised Societies
- Political Ecology
- > Politics and Society: Characterization of the Modern State
- Politics of Penal System
- > Politics of Audi-Visual Semiotics of the Landscapes, Linguistic Justice and Law
- > Populism
- > Predistribution, Liberal Socialism and Property-Owning Democracy
- Pscho-Analysing Politics in the Context of Human Behavior
- Reading and Writing Multilingual Legal Contexts: Policies, Practices and Problematics
- > Reflections on Violence
- > Religion, Caste, Gender and the Secular Legal Order
- Social Movements
- > Sovereignty
- > State, Citizenship and Democracy
- > Theatre and the Law
- > The many Geographies of the Law
- > Text and Context in the Study of Law and Literature
- > The Small Voice of Literature by Nobel Laureates from the Margins
- > Tracing Patterns in Acts of Resistance
- > Terrorism Trails
- Understanding Humiliation
- > Understanding Silence





MBA COURSE STRUCTURE

Year 1	Term I		Term II		Term III			
	Advanced Statistics for Managers	4	Business Research Methods	4	Operations Research	3		
	Business Communication	3	Marketing Management-II	3	Marketing Research	4		
	Accounting for Managers	4	Operations Management	4	Strategic Management	3		
	Organizational Behaviour	4	Managerial Economics-II	3	Financial Services, Markets, and Institutions	4		
	Managerial Economics-I	3	Introduction to Financial Management	4	Business Laws	4		
	Managerial Computing	3	Business Environment	3	Game Theory	2		
	Marketing Management-1	3	Human Resource Management	3	SYOB (Start Your Own Business)	2		
	Managerial Analysis and Decisions	2	Design Thinking for Managers	2	Emotional Intelligence & Leadership	2		
	Total Credits	26	Total Credits	26	Total Credits	24		
	SIP-IV (Corporate) (May and June)							
ear 2	Term IV	HH I	Term V		Term VI			
	Elective 1 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 1 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 1 (Compulsory)	4		
	Elective 2 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 2 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 2 (Compulsory)	4		
	Elective 3 (Optional)	4	Elective 3 (Optional)	4	Elective 3 (Optional)	4		
	Elective 4 (Optional)	4	Elective 4 (Optional)	4	Elective 4 (Optional)	4		
	Corporate Social Responsibility	2	Management Information Systems	2	Dissertation/Industry Analysis	6		
	Seminar Course 1 (Dissertation/Industry	2	Seminar Course 2 (Research Design & Methods)	2	TA CABARAGO			

Analysis Writing Style & Topic Selection)		2			
Total Credits	12 to 20	Total Credits	12 to 20	Total Credits	14 to
Electives Basket		Electives Basket		Electives Basket	
Security Analysis & Portfolio Management	4	Financial Derivatives	4	Mergers, Acquisition &Corporate Restructuring	4
Advanced Financial Management and Analysis	4	Business Analysis & Valuation	4	Behavioural Finance and Financial Planning	4
B2B Marketing	4	Integrated Marketing Communication	4	Sales and Distribution Marketing	4
Product & Brand Management	4	Digital Marketing	4	Consumer Behaviour	4
Labor Laws	4	Strategic Performance and Compensation Management	4	Training and Development	4
Recruitment & Selection	4	Managing Diversity and Inclusion	4	HRD Instruments and Analytics	4
Advanced Operations Research	4	Total Quality Management	4	Project Management	4
Retail Management	4	Supply Chain Management & Analytics	4	Enterprise Resource Planning	4
Corporate Taxation & Corporate Governance	4	Secretarial Practice and Compliance	4	Corporate Crimes	4
Corporate Governance and Behaviour of Board of Heads	4	SEBI LODR Regulations	4	International Corporate Governance	4
Advanced Data Science	4	Marketing Analytics & Decision Making	4	Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning	4
R and Python	4	Big Data and Data Mining	4	Textual and Content Analytics	4





Course Structure for the 5-Year integrated BBA- MBA

l Year	Term I	Cr	Term II	Cr	Term III	Cr
	English Language and Literature (Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course)	3 .	Communication and Creative Writing (Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course)	3	Environmental Science (Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course)	3
	Mathematics for Managers-1 (Core Course with Tutorial)	5	Mathematics for Managers-2 (Core Course with Tutorial)	4	Mathematics for Managers-3 (Core Course with Tutorial)	4
	Business Studies (Core Course with Tutorial)	4	Principles and Practices of Management (Core Course with Tutorial)	4	Innovation, sustainability, and Entrepreneurship	4
	Economic Freedoms and Law	3	Psychology (Core Course with Tutorial)	4	Business Psychology (Core Course with Tutorial)	5
	Basics of Economics (Core Course with Tutorial)	4	Indian and Modern Economy	4	Cyber Security (Skill Enhancement Course)	3
	Total Credits	19	Total Credits	19	Total Credits	19
	SIP-I (Social Sector) (8	
II Year	Term IV	Cr	Term V	Cr	Term VI	Cr
	Political science	3	Indian Politics and Policy	3	Personality Development and Corporate Etiquettes (Skill Enhancement Course)	3
	Business Statistics-1 (Core Course with Tutorial)	5	Business Statistics- 2 (Core Course with Tutorial)	5	Introduction to Algorithm	4
	Introduction to Excel (Core Course with Lab)	4	Advanced Excel- Macros (Core Course with Lab)	4	Introduction to R (Skill Enhancement Course)	4
	Introduction to Business Laws (IPR)	4	Basics of Human Resource Management (Core Course with Tutorial)	4	Basics of Marketing (Core course with tutorial)	4
	Sociology	3	Indian Social Structure	3	Fundamentals of Business Research (Core Course with	4
	Total Credits	19	Total Credits		Tutorial) Total Credits	

SIP-II (Start Ups) (May and June)

III Year	Term VIII	Cr	Term VIII	Cr	Term IX	Cr
ef	Basics of Accounting (Core Course with Tutorial)	5	Introduction to Cost & Management Accounting (Core Course with Tutorial)	4	Business Ethics & Values (Core Course with Tutorial)	4
	Foundations of Information Systems (Skill Enhancement Course)	3	Introduction to Financial Management	4	Logical Reasoning and Thinking (Skill Enhancement Course)	3
	Introduction to Operations and Supply Chain Management (Core Course with Tutorial)	4	Discipline Centric Elective – 3 – Chose anyone out of two) Business Laws	4	Discipline Centric Elective – 6 – Chose anyone out of two) Finance	4
	(Generic Elective – 1 – Chose anyone out of two) Sociology/Political Science/Law	3	Discipline Centric Elective – 4 – Chose anyone out of two) Operations	4	(Generic Elective – 3 – Chose anyone out of two) Economics/English/L aw	3
	(Discipline Centric Elective – 1 – Chose anyone out of two) HR	4	(Discipline Centric Elective -5 – Choose anyone out of two) Marketing	4	(Generic Elective – 4 – Chose anyone out of two) Innovation, Sustainability/ Entrepreneurship	3
	(Discipline Centric Elective 2 – Chose anyone out of two) Analytics	4	(Generic Elective – 2 – Chose anyone out of two) History/Foreign Language/ Psychology/Law	3	Research Project (Discipline Specific, student choice)	6
	Total Credits	23	Total Credits	23	Total Credits	23
	SIP-III (Corporates) (Mar	y and J Cr	une) Term XI	C-	Tama VII	O.:
IV Year	Advanced Statistics for Managers	4	Business Research Methods	Cr 4	Operations Research	Cr 4
	Marketing Management	4	Management Information Systems	4	Marketing Research	4
	Accounting for Managers	4	Operations Management	4	Strategic Management	4
	Organizational Behaviour	4	Human Resource Management	4	Financial Services, Markets, and Institutions	4
	Managerial Economics	4	Financial Management	4	Contract Law	4
	Business Communication	3	Organizational Structure & Design	3	Emotional Intelligence & Leadership	3
	Managerial Analysis and Decisions	3	Design Thinking for Managers	* NALS	SYOB (Start Your Own Business)	3
				WALL WALL	NERS//	

	Total Credits	26	Total Credits	26	Total Credits	26
	SIP-IV (Corporate) (May	and Ju	ine)			
V Year	Term XIII	Cr	Term XIV	Cr	Term XV	Cr
	Elective 1 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 1 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 1 (Compulsory)	4
	Elective 2 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 2 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 2 (Compulsory)	4
	Elective 3 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 3 (Compulsory)	4	Elective 3 (Optional)	4
	Elective 4 (Optional)	4	Elective 4 (Optional)	4	Elective 4 (Optional)	4
	Corporate Law	4	Corporate Social Responsibility	3	Dissertation/ Industry Analysis (Elective)	6
	Seminar-1 (Elective)	2	Seminar-2 (Elective)	2		
	Total Credits	18 to 21	Total Credits	17 to 21	Total Credits	14 to

Note: Each elective in the 5" year is of 4 credits; Maximum number of electives across 13th, 14th and 15th term is limited to ten; Maximum number of electives in any of the 13th, 14th and 15th terms is limited to 4; and Minimum number of electives in each of 13th, 14th and 15th term is 2

	Areas of Specialization*	List of Elective Courses*		
1.	Court Management	Justice Theories		
		Introduction to Justice Management		
		Judicial Process & Court Structure		
		Judicial Responsiveness Management		
		E-court Management		
		Case Flow Management		
2	Business Laws	Laws on Corporate Governance		
	Control Control of the Control of th	Secretarial Practice and Compliance		
		Financial Reporting & Corporate Governance		
		International Corporate Governance		
		SEBI LODR Regulations		
		Law of Insolvency		
	-	Environmental Laws		
	2	Corporate Crimes		
3	Finance	Security Analysis & Portfolio Management		
	1 11,000,000	Business Analysis & Valuation		
		Financial Derivatives		
		Financial Modelling & Analytics		
		Merger Acquisition & Corporate Restructuring		
		Behavioral Finance and Financial Planning		
4	Business Analytics	Advanced Data science		
7		R and Phython		
	a	Marketing Analytics and decision making		
	*	Big data and data mining		
		Artificial intelligence and machine learning		
		Textual and content analytics		
5	Marketing	Marketing Analytics		
	Marketing	Product & Brand Management		
		Social Media Marketing		
	*	Integrated Marketing Communications		
		Consumer Behavior		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sales and Distribution Management		
6	Human Resources	Labor Laws		
		Recruitment & Selection		
		Strategic Compensation Management		
		HR Analytics		
		Performance Management & Counseling		
		Training and Development		
7	Operations & Systems	Advanced Operations Research		
	Specialistic & Systemis	Supply Chain Management & Analytics		
		Project Management		
		•		
		Lotal ()uality Management		
		Total Quality Management Retail Management		

